Step 10:

Apply the glue to the cavities in the end pieces and insert the prepared necks at the ends of the cord. Allow the glue to dry. Note: if there are any openings between the cavity and the section with the fastening, spare the glue as it may flow through to the fastening.







Design by Helena Chmelíková

PRECIOSA Rocailles 331 19 001; 10/0



Preciosa Ornela introduces seed beads from the PRECIOSA Traditional Czech BeadsTM brand.

Preciosa-Ornela.com

NECKLACE AND BRACELET SET

Powdery

TRADITION CZECH BE

1104 14E

PRECIOSA

Powdery

You can enjoy a great deal of fun, inspiration, new ideas and experiences with the playful new PRECIOSA PermaLux pallet of colors. We have combined warm pastel skin tones to create delicate, effective accessories that you can easily and quickly make yourself.

Materials and tools:

PRECIOSA Rocailles (R10)

331 19 001; 10/0; 22004 coral; 5 g

331 19 001; 10/0; 22005 light salmon; 5 g

331 19 001; 10/0; 22006 dusty rose; 5 g

331 19 001; 10/0; 22008 wildberry red; 5 g

331 19 001; 10/0; 22009 pink; 5 g

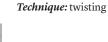
- 4 mm fastening/end pieces

beige (LI04-0002-02); a 0.40 cm round coil, beige



- a thin needle; scissors; universal glue (absorbent/non-absorbent); a ruler





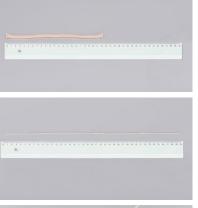
Difficulty:

Procedure:

The bracelet

Step 1:

Prepare a piece of cord about 22-24 cm long. Cut off about 40 cm of thread. Twist it around the cord several times about 1 cm from the beginning. Tighten. Create a narrow neck with a height of about 2-3 mm. Tie off the ends using three knots. Place them close to the edge of the cord. Cut the ends of the thread off to 2-3 mm.

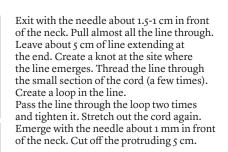






Step 2:

Cut off any excess at the end of the cord. Clean the ends. Test to see whether the cavity of the end piece sits well on the prepared neck.













Step 3:

Prepare about 2 m of nylon line. Thread it into the eye of the needle. Move the needle to the middle of the line. If the line twists, pass the needle through it several times. It will straighten up. Thread it through the cord about 2-3 cm from the neck.









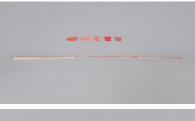
- a 0.11 mm nylon line,



Step 4:

Prepare five colored heaps of \mathbf{R}_{10} (use the entire amount – 5 g). You can string the \mathbf{R}_{10} as you wish. Push the needle into the piles. The \mathbf{R}_{10} will thread onto it by themselves. Occasionally mix up the piles. String the line in sections of 20-30 cm.

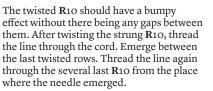






Step 5:

Move the strung **R**10 along the line up to the neck. Hold the end of the **R**10 on the line with one (your right) hand. Hold it gently; the R10 should be able to "move" along the line by themselves during the twisting process. Gently hold the cord with you other (left) hand. Also allow the cord to twist slowly as you twist on the **R**10. Start twisting the **R**10 around the cord. It will be difficult at the beginning, so proceed carefully. The work will move much more quickly once you have twisted about 2 cm.







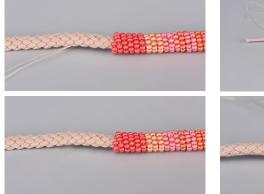




Step 6:

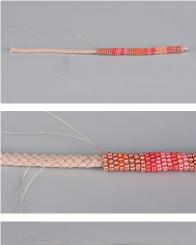
Continue stringing **R**10 in sections and twisting them on. Stop stringing about 15 cm before the end of the line (15 cm from the needle). Thread the needle through the cord after twisting on the strung section. Emerge with the needle about 1 cm away. Create a knot. Thread the line through the section again. Cut off the end of the line.





Step 7:

Prepare 2 m of nylon line again. Once again attach it to the cord in the same way as in Step 3. String several **R**10 from the end of the twisting at the beginning. Continue stringing and twisting.





Step 8: After twisting 17-17.5 cm of cord, finish the stringing. Sew the line into the cord in the direction towards the twisted section. Cut it off.



Step 9:

Twist the line around the cord about 1 mm from the \mathbf{R} section in the same way as in Step 1. Then cut off the excess part as in Step 2.





