

Design by Helena Chmelíková

# **PRECIOSA Rocailles**

331 19 001; 10/0

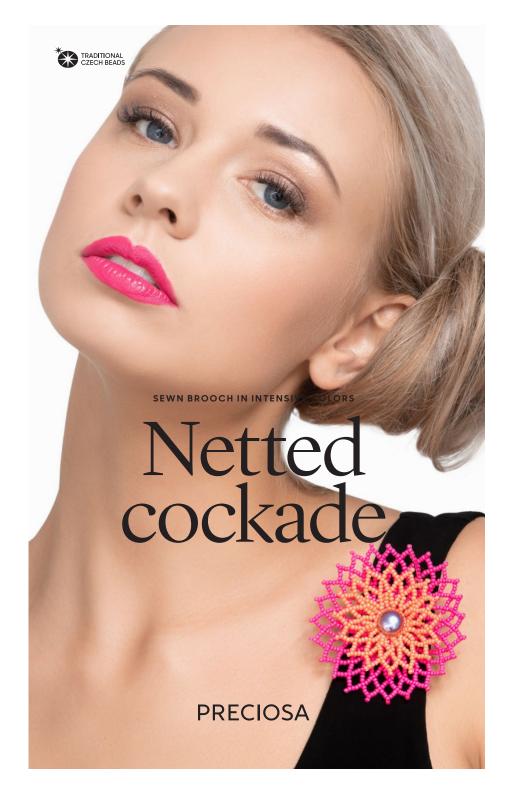


PRECIOSA Candy<sup>TM</sup>



Preciosa Ornela introduces beads and seed beads from the PRECIOSA Traditional Czech Beads $^{\text{TM}}$  brand.

Preciosa-Ornela.com



# Netted cockade

You can use this tutorial to sew an effective netted brooch made of PRECIOSA Rocailles with the PRECIOSA Terra Intensive surface finish. There are 11 distinctive opaque shades on the 10/0 and 6/0 PRECIOSA Rocailles, the 3.2 x 6.5 mm PRECIOSA Farfalle<sup>TM</sup> and also the 2.5 x 5 mm PRECIOSA Twin<sup>TM</sup>.

#### Materials and tools:

PRECIOSA Rocailles 331 19 001; 10/0; 16A91 orange; 350x (R1)



331 19 001; 10/0; 16A26 pink; 1000x (R2)



PRECIOSA Candy<sup>TM</sup> (C) 111 01 363; 12 mm; 00030/29501 dark rainbow; 1x



- a 16 mm sieve with 8 holes around its circumference; a 18-20 mm diameter round brooch base



- a 0.20 mm nylon line; a thin needle; scissors; hot melt glue with a glue gun



Difficulty:

**Technique:** netting, sewing

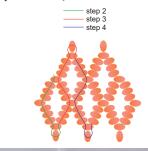
#### Procedure:

Step 1:

Prepare about 150 cm of the line (an arm's width). Place an R stop bead about 10 cm from the beginning.



String 10x R1. Thread the line through the penultimate 9th bead one more time.



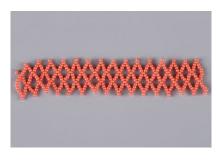


String 7x **R**1. Thread the line through the 1st bead from Step 2. String 5x R1. Thread the line through the 4th bead one more time.

Step 4:

String 7x **R**1. Thread the line through the middle R1 of the 7 beads from Step 3. String 5x R1. Thread the line through the 4th bead one more time.

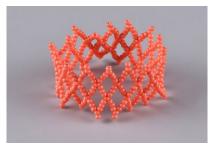
Step 5: Repeat Step 4 another 28 times (a total of 29 times).



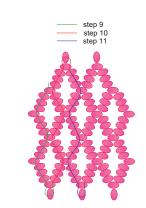
Step 8: Prepare the line again.



Step 6: Connect the band into a circle. Add 3x R1 and thread the line through the middle R1. Create the point of the loop. Pull out the R stop bead. Tie off the line and finish it.



String 18x R2. Thread the line through the penultimate 17<sup>th</sup> bead one more time.



Step 7: Create the circle. On one side of the band, thread the line through the top R1. Add 1x R1 between every second one (a total of 24x). Thread the line through one more time. Tie off the line and finish it off.





## Step 10:

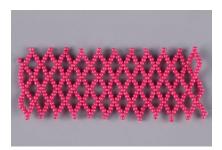
String 7x R2. Thread the line through the 9<sup>th</sup> bead from Step 9. Thread the line through the 7x R2 one more time. Thread the line through the 1st bead from Step 9. Thread 5x R2. Thread the line through the 4th bead one more time.

## Step 11:

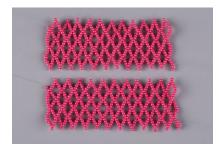
String 7x R2. Thread the line through the 9<sup>th</sup> bead from Step 10. Thread the line through 7x R2 one more time. thread the line through the middle R2 from the 7 beads from Step 10. String 5x R2. Thread the line through the 4th bead one more time.

# Step 12:

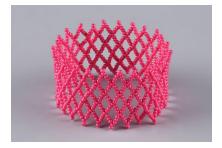
Repeat Step 11 again 20 more times (21 times in total).



Repeat Steps 8 - 12 one more time.

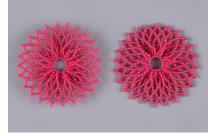


Step 14: Connect both parts of the band into a circle. Add 3x R2 and thread the line through the middle R2. Create the point of the loop. Pull out the **R** stop bead. Tie off the line and finish it off.



Step 15: Create the circle. On one side of the band, thread the line through the top R2 (a total of 24x). Thread the line through one more time. Tie off the line and finish it.



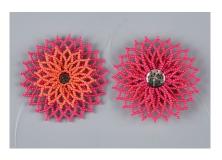


Step 16: Sew both circles to the circumferential holes on the sieve at the same time. Tie the line to the sieve. Place the knot on the rear side. First use the holes that are located opposite one another (the green points). Then use the holes located crosswise the previous ones (the red points). Then finish using the remaining holes (the blue points). During this process, you can tighten the line several times by tying it to the end of the line used to attach the circles to the sieve.









Step 17: Sew on the **C**. Once again use the circumferential holes on the sieve, always using two oppositely placed holes.







Step 18: Use the hot melt glue to adhere the cockade to the brooch base.





